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The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 7, 1914.

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TEN PAGES

WEATHER—Utah: Tonight and Friday Fair; Not Much Change in Temperature.

Forty-fourth Year—No. 109—Price Five Cents.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah.

General Call for Courtmartial to Try the Colorado Militiamen Is Issued

GOV. AMMONS IS DENOUNCED

Colorado Executive's Conduct of Coal Strike Severely Criticized in Resolution.

CONDITIONS REVIEWED

Law and Order Program That Shall Apply to Officials as Well as Strikers Demanded.

Denver, Colo., May 7.—Governor Ammons' conduct of the coal strike is severely criticized in a resolution introduced in the senate today by Senator John I. Tierney. Under the rules it went over one day.

Conditions existing in the coal fields are reviewed at length in the preamble, the conclusions being in substance as follows:

"Support a program of law and order by officials as well as strikers, the payment of every bona fide military bill; oppose the suggestion for a state constabulary; urge the modification of coal land leases to guarantee a fair wage, proper living and working conditions, the right of collective bargaining and price of coal; urge a constitutional amendment; repeal the infamous Moyer decisions; conceived in treason, written in corruption and carried out in incredible cruelty."

Metz Tries to Withdraw.

At the opening of the session, Senator Metz renewed his efforts to divorce his name from the bill prohibiting the importation of arms. The senate decided that there was no parliamentary way in which the senator could withdraw his sponsorship from the measure which he declared had been introduced without his having read it. Senator Hayden stepped into the breach and offered to lend his name to the bill. The senate finally adopted a resolution, by which the bill hereafter shall be officially designated as the Hayden bill.

The house began consideration of the Persons resolution asking Governor Ammons to enlarge his call to cover subjects not included. A vigorous debate preceded the vote.

Strike Investigation.

In the senate, consideration of the Van Tilborge resolution for a committee to investigate the strike and recommend laws was begun. Helen Ring Robinson presented an amendment providing that if the committee finds that necessary laws are not included in the governor's call the house and senate shall adjourn and ask the governor to reconvene them with a call including additional subjects.

INSURGENT CHIEF LEAVES FOR MINT

Chihuahua, Mexico, May 7.—General Venustiano Carranza, head of the constitutional government, left here last night for Parral. General Carranza was accompanied by his staff but the executive officers of the constitutional government still remain in Chihuahua. The visit to Parral, it is said, is in connection with financial affairs.

The constitutional mint which is turning out gold and silver coins, is located at Parral, and General Carranza is expected to settle on this visit a number of questions dealing with the standardization of the currency, under his supervision. From Parral, General Carranza is expected to go to Torreon, the citizens of which town have earnestly requested his presence since the city was captured by General Villa.

It was intended that General Carranza should review the 15,000 troops gathered at Torreon for the Saltillo and San Luis Potosi campaigns, but as they rapidly are being moved toward Monterrey by way of Hipolito, it is probable that this ceremony will not be a feature of Carranza's visit. General Carranza is expected to return to Chihuahua within a week.

STRIKE CASES TO BE TRIED

Adjutant General Chase Complies With Demand of Military Investigators.

COURT DATE FIXED

Cases Growing Out of Ludlow Battle and Fire to be Threshed Out.

Denver, Colo., May 7.—Adjutant General John Chase today issued a general call for a courtmartial to try military cases growing out of the Ludlow battle and fire of April 29, in compliance with the report of the military commission which investigated that affair.

The courtmartial will convene May 11th.

The courtmartial to be held at the state rifle range near Golden, Colo., will be composed of Colonel W. A. Davis, Colonel Edward Verdeckberg, Colonel George M. Lee, Colonel George Lingenfelter, Major B. B. Goodman, Major William A. Jolly, Major E. J. Boughton and Captain Ralph Dorn.

URGENT APPEALS TO COL. LOCKETT

Colorado Coal Operators Ask For Federal Troops to Protect Mines.

BESIEGED BY UNIONS

Reconstruction of Ludlow Tent Colony Becomes Serious Question for Officer.

Trinidad, Colo., May 7.—Urgent appeals were made today by operators in the northern coal fields to Colonel James Lockett, commanding the federal troops in the southern fields, for additional soldiers to protect mines there, which, they say, had been threatened by strikers. The operators reported that their strike breakers refused to remain at work unless additional protection was guaranteed. Colonel Lockett has not been advised whether he is in supreme command of all federal forces on strike duty, within the state, and consequently has made no decision as to the operators' request.

Colonel Lockett has been besieged by union leaders to permit the reconstruction of the Ludlow tent colony, destroyed by fire during a battle between strikers and militia April 29. Also he had been urged not to grant such permission by representatives of the coal companies. He considers the matter "a live question and one which will necessitate much investigation."

Guns Being Turned In. It was announced by the federal commanders that 160 guns had been received from strikers in Huerfano and Fremont counties, though none had been surrendered by the strikers of Las Animas.

Colonel Lockett informed his officers today that seventy-one guns, the property of operators, were waiting collection at the various coal camps in this country.

Rockefeller Not Responsible. Lexington, Ky., May 7.—Hywell Davis, who accepted the appointment as one of the mediators of the Colorado mine strike, returned to his home here today from Washington after conferring with Secretary of Labor Wilson. Mr. Davis said that personally John D. Rockefeller Sr. could do no more to relieve the situation than any other one stockholder and that he did not hold Mr. Rockefeller to blame for the violence that had been committed.

Mr. Davis stated he would leave for Colorado early next week to go over the ground personally and submit a report to Secretary Wilson. He

THESE TWO MEN MAY SOON GUIDE THE DESTINIES OF MEXICO



New pictures of General Carranza and General Villa.

will be joined in St. Louis, he said, by J. A. Fairley, another member of the mediation committee.

Lawson Before Board.

Indianapolis, May 7.—John R. Lawson, executive board member representing Colorado, arrived here today and expected to tell his version of the Colorado coal strike to the special committee of the International Workers of America, which is in session.

The special committee, which was announced Tuesday, is instructed to draft a policy to be pursued by the organization in Colorado and also report on the feasibility and advisability of calling a general coal strike throughout the country.

Washington, D. C., May 7.—Major Symonds, in command of two troops of cavalry in Boulder county, Colorado, reported to the war department today that up to last night a total of 110 weapons had been given up in that district in obedience to the proclamation calling for the surrender of arms by striking miners and mine guards.

Major Symonds asked and received authority to send all weapons collected to Fort Logan.

BRANDEIS GIVEN BITTER SCORING

Clifford Thorne Arraigns Special Counsel for Commission in Scorching Terms.

DUTY TO PRESENT FACTS

Attorney Exceeded All Bounds of Propriety in Premises in Argument.

Washington, D. C., May 7.—The interstate commerce commission had before it today a supplemental brief filed by Clifford Thorne, representing the western railroads commissions before that body in the advanced rate case, in which he bitterly arraigned Louis D. Brandeis, special counsel for the commission who, in his closing argument in the case last Friday stated that "on the whole, the net income, the net operating revenues of the carriers in official classification territory are smaller than is consistent with their assured prosperity and the welfare of the community."

Mr. Thorne asserts that Mr. Brandeis commenced his argument before the commission "by conceding the position of the carriers." On behalf of those whom he represents Mr. Thorne says he "repudiates in unqualified terms" the concession made by Mr. Brandeis in his closing argument. He says that had he known Mr. Brandeis "was going to take the railroad side of the question up for discussion as to the adequacy of the revenues as a whole, I should certainly have asked that he be heard along with the railroad counsel before I made my argument."

tion, the said special counsel exceeded all the bounds of propriety in the premises, and practically usurped the functions of the commission, announcing an opinion or conclusion on the only question finally submitted at the time; and further, he specifically advocated a particular theory for the disposition of the case.

"Furthermore, and far more important than any other fact here stated, he announced said conclusion without presenting any facts or reasons, in either oral or written arguments, on basic questions, necessarily involved in arriving at such a conclusion."

Mr. Thorne adds that the commission cannot hold the revenues of the carriers affected inadequate unless it reverses the principles established in its former opinions.

REFUGEES UNDER BRAZILIAN FLAG

Legation in Mexico Starts Out Trainload of Americans Carrying Colors of Brazil.

Washington, May 7.—The state department announced today that the Brazilian legation in Mexico City had transmitted information of the departure of a train bearing between 500 and 600 refugees from Vera Cruz. The train was in three sections, under the Brazilian flag and among the refugees was Dr. Edward R. Ryan, special representative of the American Red Cross, who had been held by the Huerta authorities.

BRITISH EMBASSY GETS BAD NEWS

Washington, May 7.—One American and two British subjects have been killed at mines in the vicinity of Guadaluajara. A Mr. Ransdell, presumably a British subject, and seven Americans are cut off by bandits in the vicinity. Other Americans are safe. This information came in a dispatch from the British vice consul at Guadaluajara to the British embassy today.

The dispatch to the British embassy was sent in response to an inquiry about conditions at the Cinco Minas mine and the safety of Americans there. The dispatch did not mention the names of the Americans and British killed.

Disquieting news was also received at the embassy from Tampico. Both federal and constitutionalists threaten to interfere with the British and American oil operators who were returning to the oil districts to resume operations under the promise of protection from both sides. The Mexicans have notified the British commander that no one will be allowed to land unless all warships are withdrawn. Instructions have been sent to the returning operatives not to attempt a landing at any port unless instructed by the British commander on the spot.

BILLARD TO BE CHIEF WITNESS

Commission Desires to Know How Company Got \$2,000,000 Working Capital.

CHASE TESTIMONY HAZY

Chief Counsel Will Recall Witness for Further Explanation in New Haven Case.

Washington, May 7.—John L. Billard, promoter of the Billard company, alleged to have formed a holding company for the New Haven, Boston and Maine and their subsidiaries, was expected to be the principle witness at today's session of the Interstate Commerce commission's inquiry. The commission is anxious to discover where the \$2,000,000 capital of the Billard came from, the belief being that it was furnished by the New Haven.

It is the intention of Chief Counsel Folk to recall Warren Chase to the stand to question him regarding certain transactions of which he was somewhat hazy yesterday.

In response to some questions from Mr. Folk, Mr. Chase said that in the fall of 1910, the Metropolitan Steamship company of New Jersey, having only \$11,000 in cash, with many outstanding obligations, and facing a receivership, reached an operating agreement with the Pacific Navigation company, through Captain Goodall of San Francisco, by which the Pacific Navigation company took over the steamers Yale and Harvard. This, Mr. Chase said, was great financial help to the Metropolitan.

Was not Charles W. Morse concerned in some negotiations several years before 1910 looking to this transfer of the steamers? inquired Mr. Folk.

"In 1907, a day before the financial panic, Morse and Captain Goodall had come to some understanding but the panic stopped everything," Mr. Folk said.

FRENCH TRYING TO SAVE CONSUL

Washington, May 7.—The French government is taking active steps to obtain news and secure the safety of John R. Silliman, American vice and deputy consul at Saltillo, who disappeared while on a mission to San Luis Potosi. French consular agents in Mexico were instructed to look out for Mr. Silliman, and the French charge d'affaires at Mexico City made representations to General Huerta about him.

A dispatch received at the French embassy here from Mexico City states that President Huerta in reply, assured the charge that orders would be given to the federal commanders to protect Mr. Silliman in every way.

FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE MAY BE U. S. ELEGATE

Rumors in Diplomatic Circles Point to Foster, Former Cabinet Member and Continued Aggression of Congress Toward Mexican Capital Reported on West

HUERTA REPRESENTATIVE

Navy Department Reports Quick Colonel Goethals Appoints Protect Panama Canal Locks During Instructions Sent From All Possible Precautions

Washington, May 7.—President Wilson found time in the midst of wedding preliminary festivities at the White House today to confer with Secretary of State Bryan for a few minutes on the Mexican crisis with particular reference to mediation.

Secretary Bryan announced after the conference that American delegates to advise with the South American mediators had not yet been selected, but that a representative or representatives surely would be designated and the selection soon would be made. Whether there would be more than one American delegate is still undecided, the secretary said.

John W. Foster May Serve. It was reported in diplomatic circles that John W. Foster, former secretary of state, is being considered among others, to represent this country. Mr. Foster was minister to Mexico in the late 1890s.

The arrival in Washington of Ambassador O'Shaughnessy, charge of the American embassy at Mexico City during the most turbulent part of the strained relations with Huerta's government, aroused considerable speculation as to the returned envoy's future status, but nothing concerning his future was considered today. Mr. O'Shaughnessy saw Mr. Bryan for a few minutes only, and will confer with him again tomorrow. President Wilson also will see Mr. O'Shaughnessy tomorrow.

Constitutionalist Aggressions. Reports of continued aggression on the part of the constitutionalist forces toward Mexico City reached the state department during the day. News of constitutionalist victories at Acaponeta was confirmed in an official dispatch. Conditions at Vera Cruz were reported as quiet.

The Latin-American mediators spent much of their time completing arrangements for the conferences to begin at Niagara Falls, May 18. The Argentine minister, Mr. Naon, conferred at the state department for a short time but no announcement was made concerning his mission.

Admiral Mayo's Report. An interesting side light on events at Tampico was shown today in the report of the American consul transmitted to the navy department by Rear Admiral Mayo.

"On May 1, the Mexican government announced through General Zaragoza that an armistice had been agreed to by the federal government and the United States and also by the constitutionalists," he reported.

"The reason for the armistice was given out to be on account of mediation."

"This news was received joyfully and even hopefully by the general public, which appears to be in favor of peace, if secured by the Mexican government."

The Americans and their money are sadly missed, and responsible persons would greatly favor a peace arrangement which would permit the wheels of business to run again."

From that report was supposed to have originated rumors that the federal and rebels had arranged a cessation of hostilities about Tampico. Navy department advices today stated that heavy firing heard near Tampico Tuesday forenoon had quieted.

Envoys Proceed With Work. While the reports of Carranza's successes were discussed here today, the South American envoys went ahead with their arrangements for the beginning of the preliminaries of mediation near the Canadian border, May 15. Huerta's three representatives are expected to reach Puerto Mexico today on their way to the United States. The United States mission is not expected to be announced until later this week.

While Brigadier General Funston has been authorized to extend his lines at Vera Cruz for defensive purposes, if it becomes necessary, the situation there today was reported to remain unchanged.

Navy Aeroplanes Busy. The navy department today issued a report describing work accomplished by the navy aeroplanes at Vera Cruz.

"The live way in which the work was done is typical of the navy aviators," the report said. "After making a record in getting away when or-

Physician from Pensacola, under the command of Commander H. C. Musgrave, Bldg. Hudera Cruz at 9 p. m. At daylight the next day, however, to report other on shore and get For Printing, x in Vera Cruz. J. J. Brumley, Jr. Real Estate.

Later today it was learned that at the request of Admiral Badger, Mr. Jenkinson left Vera Cruz on the steamer City of Tampico for eight ports between Vera Cruz and Progreso, to embark refugees. With reference to the situation at Vera Cruz, Mr. Jenkinson reports he is not encouraging Americans to stay in Vera Cruz. In accord with the desires of the army and navy high officers he is urging Americans to depart for the United States. He expects to furnish other foreigners with food, clothing and medical attention.

Goethals Protects Canal. Army detachments have been stationed to protect the locks along the Panama canal, Colonel Goethals, governor of the canal zone, reported to the war department today. Colonel Goethals said that acting on instructions from Washington to take all precautions against trouble at the canal during the Mexican situation, he had turned over the guarding of the locks to the commanding officer of the Tenth Infantry, now in the zone.

Rebels Reported Moving. The vanguard of the rebel forces at Durango and Torreon has started on its march to begin the campaign for the capture of Saltillo and Zacatecas, according to a report received at the state department today from Consul Hamm at Durango.

The state department was informed today that an order has been issued by General Huerta to federal officials in the Tampico district whereby the return of employees to the oil fields and resumption of work there is permitted. Numerous messages received at the department for transmission to interested companies indicate that the Tampico oil properties are well cared for.

GREAT WINTER WHEAT CROP

Exceeds Last Year's Record Crop—630,000,000 Bushels Will Be Produced.

Washington, May 7.—The greatest crop of winter wheat ever grown, one fifth again as large as the record crop grown last year, and more than half again as large as that harvested in 1912, is indicated by statistics announced by the department of agriculture today.

In all 630,000,000 bushels will be produced if the highly favorable conditions existing since the crop was planted last fall, continue until harvest time. The acreage abandoned through unfavorable conditions of the winter amounted to only 3.1 per cent of the area planted, an unusually low area. This makes the area remaining to be harvested a record one of 35,387,000 acres.

Indications are that Kansas will have a crop of 132,000,000 bushels, or 45,500,000 bushels more than last year, and Oklahoma 35,500,000, or 17,000,000 bushels more than last year.

LADIES' DAY FRIDAY
All Ladies Admitted Free.
GOOD BASEBALL
OGDEN vs. HELENA
GLENWOOD, 3:30. Cars every few minutes